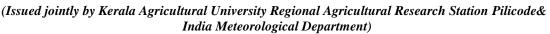


Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kasaragod

(Valid from 31.05.2025 to 04.06.2025)





Bulletin Number:Pilicode/ Ksd -43/2025 Date: 30/05/2025

A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
351.4	27.8 - 29.7	22.5 - 23.6	96 – 100	01 - 02

B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	31-05-2025	01-06-2025	02-06-2025	03-06-2025	04-06-2025
Average Rainfall, mm	60	15	20	25	25
Max. Temp, °C	25	25	25	25	25
Min. Temp,°C	24	24	24	24	24
Max. Relative Humidity, %	100	100	100	100	100
Min. Relative Humidity, %	95	95	95	95	95
Wind speed,km/h	6	8	4	3	5
Wind direction, degrees	270	270	250	230	200
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	8	8	8

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories		
	Isolated Heavy Rainfall**				
General Condition	The sky will be cloudy. High relative humidity will be experienced. The atmospheric temperature will come down				
	There will be heavy rainfall from May 31 to June 03 in isolated places.				
Weather warning	Heavy rainfall is very likely to occur at one or two places in the district of Kasaragod on May 31.				
Impacts	Difficulty in drying agricultural produce in open conditions.				
	Chances for fall off of slender stemmed fruits and vegetables. Chances for water stagnation in the fields. Lightning may injure people and cattle at open place. Dispersion of soil from the field and hence seed displacement and poor germination of seeds.				
General Recommendati	Take care while drying the harvested products like rice, rubber, copra, pulses, vegetable seeds, etc directly under sun.				
ons	Do not heap the harvested products in the field itself.				
	Give popping to all soft slender stemmed crops like banana, vegetables, climbers etc.				
	Clean the drainage channels in crop lowlands to enable proper drainage of excess water in case of exigencies if any.				
	Do not shelter the cattl	es in shelters having weak stru	ctures.		

	Provide mulch at the	hase of the crop to prevent	soil and root damage		
	Provide mulch at the base of the crop to prevent soil and root damage. Postpone sowing of seeds: if already sown, avoid water stagnation in the field and cover.				
	Postpone sowing of seeds; if already sown, avoid water stagnation in the field and cover the seeded area with natural mulching materials like straw, farm residues.				
	Keep animal feeds, seeds, fertilizers etc. in termite free and moist free rooms on elevated platforms coated with wooden pannels.				
	Spraying should be done when there is no rainfall.				
Paddy (Viruppu: First crop season)	Sowing	Broadcast sowing/ Nursery preparation for transplanting can be initiated in places were moisture availability is ensured.			
		Preparation of seeds:- To prevent seed borne diseases, dress the seed with Pseudomonas @10g/kg of seeds before sowing			
		Nursery preparation for transplanting Apply dried and powdered farm yard manure or compost while preparing the nursery @1kg/m² and thoroughly incorporate to the soil.			
Coconut	Water Stagnation due to heavy spell of rainfalls	The following practices are advised in cases of continuous heavy rainfalls and water stagnation: Ensure good drainage and hygienic conditions in the farm. Spill out either manually or mechanically the stagnating water from the basins of young palms immediately after the cessation of rainfalls. Rake the soils in the basins with forks and aerate the soil. Apply extra dose of lime @ 1-2 kg/tree in the basins to sanitize the soil. Apply extra micro nutrient mixture (Ayar @ 250g/tree) and Potash (@ 1kg/tree) two weeks after the application of lime. Apply Trichoderma and Pseudomonas to the soil. Spray Bordeaux mixture (1%) to the spindle region of the palms.			
Rice	Nursery stage	Brown leaf spot	If the disease is severe Spray Mancozeb 75WP at the rate of 3g/ litreof water OR spray Carbendazim + Mancozeb 75WP at the rate of 2g/ litreof water		
Coconut	All stages	Rhinoceros beetle Dwarf varieties and young palms are more vulnerable to the attack.	Take out the beetles from the attacked palm crown using beetle hook. Swab the hole made by the beetles with Bordeaux paste to prevent entry of fungus through the cut surface. Old fishnets can be reused for controlling the pest. Cut the nets into pieces of size 1m x 0.5m. Keep the middle portion of the net, lengthwise into the axils of 3 rd and 4 th leaf whirls of the palm. Push the net firmly with small stones into the axils. The hanging sides of the net should be kept open. The beetles will be trapped in the nets and get destroyed. Care should be taken to move the nets to upper leaf axils accordingly while fresh leaves are emerging.		

Coconut	All stages	Bud rot	As a preventive measure, small perforated sachets containing 2 g of mancozeb may be tied to the top leaf axil. When rains, a small quantity of the fungicide is released from the sachets to the leaf base and thus protecting the palm. Spray 1% Bordeaux mixture on the crown of palms.
Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	As prophylactic measure, apply 150 gram of Trichoderma enriched neem cake - cow dung mixture in the basins of the vines and incorporate thoroughly with the soil. If disease already appeared, drench soil in the plant basins with Redomil 0.2% (2g/litre of water). Spray the same on the leaves also.
Banana	Various stages of growth	Sigatoka leaf spot	There should not be any water stagnation in the basins of the crop.As prophylactic measures spray Pseudomonas (@ 20g/litre) at fortnight intervals. If disease appears:-Cut and burn all affected leaves. Spray Carbendazim and Mancozeb (@ 2ml per litre) alternatively at fortnight interval.
Livestock (Cows/Goats)	Milking	Mastitis	The disease is common on cows which are sheltered in unhygienic conditions. Prevention:- Ensure hygienic conditions for the individual animals as well as their shelter and its surroundings. The milking machines should be cleaned properly after every use. Boost the immunity of cattle by supplementing feeds with vitamins and minerals containing health tonics. If disease appears, give medication under the supervision of a Veterinary doctor immediately.

** Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

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	Warning (Take actions)	Alert (Be prepared)	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)