

## Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode (Valid from 13.04.2024 to 17.04.2024)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)

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## A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	37.6 – 38.0	28.6 – 29.6	61 – 74	00- 06

## B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	13-04-2024	14-04-2024	15-04-2024	16-04-2024	17-04-2024
Rainfall, mm	2	1	0.1	0	0.2
Max. Temp, °C	38	38	38	38	38
Min. Temp,°C	29	29	28	28	28
Max. Relative Humidity, %	74	74	74	74	74
Min. Relative Humidity, %	61	61	61	61	61
Wind speed,km/h	2	6	2	3	4
Wind direction, degrees	290	290	290	290	290
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	7	7	7

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories
	Light to moderate rainfall **		
	Light to moderate rainfall. Low night temperature and high day temperature will be experienced.		
General	Hence there will be large difference between day temperature and night temperature. The sky will be		
conditions	partially or fully cloudy. The air will be dry.		
	There will be light to mode	rate rainfalls (From 15.6 mm to 64.4mm within a time span of 24 hours)	
	on April 12 and April 13.		
	There will be light rainfalls (From 2.5 mm to 15.5mm within a time span of 24 hours) on April 14.		
General	There may be light to moderate summer rains in the evening time. Summer rains have prime role in		
Recommen	coping up drought. Hence maximum water harvesting should be ensured in the fields. Clean the		
<u>dations</u>	rain pits. Cover the soil with dried leaves, especially the basins of crops. The opened tree basins		
	which were partially closed after fertilizer application, can act as very good water harvesting structures. Divert the runoff water to such tree basins by drawing furrows.		

Keep vigilance while drying the harvested produces like seeds, cashew nuts, copra and rubber in open conditions. Provide props to Nendran banana.

- 1. Farmers are advised to not work in open places between the time, 11.0am to 3.0 pm. Drink sufficient water to avoid dehydration.
- 2. Provide mist spray of water system and fans in the cattle sheds. Give the livestock sufficient quantity of drinking water intermittently
- 3. Irrigate the crop when the water is available in the evening or early morning.
- 4. Mulch the crop basins. Arrange irrigation if water is available. Adopt drip irrigation method for maximum water use efficiency.
- 5. Remove weeds from the soil to reduce transpiration losses. Powder the soil to dust by breaking the clods. This will act as good soil mulch to prevent evaporation loss of water.
- 6. Well drained areas where lifesaving irrigation possible ragi and pearl millet can be cultivated.
- 7. Control sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest incidence with IPM.
- 8. Repair and rejuvenate local water bodies before the rainy season.

Various crops	Various stages	Sucking pests  The climate is favourable for the spread of sucking pests like mealy bug, jasids, aphids, mites, bugs etc. If not controlled properly they will act as vectors and may spread virus diseases.	To control the pests apply neem oil emulsion (5 ml. neem oil mixed in one litre of luke warm soap water solution)  Or  Apply malathion 50 EC @ 2 ml + neem oil 4ml per litre of water	
Coconut	All stages	Drought Management	<ol> <li>Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree.</li> <li>Apply compost/dried leaves in the basins to increase water holding capacity.</li> <li>Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss.</li> <li>Take care of controlling of sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest incidence with IPM.</li> </ol>	

Coconut	Various stages	Leaf eating caterpillar	The season is congenial for the spread of leaf eating caterpillars in coastal areas. Cut and burn the affected leaves. Release larval parasitoids, <i>Goniozus nephantidis</i> , @10 nos/palm (4-6 release) on the trunk
Black pepper	Different stages	Wilting due to drought	Protect the plants from direct sunlight by smothering the basal portions of the vines with dried banana leaves, plated coconut leaves etc Give protective irrigations one in every two weeks.
Poultry and pet birds	Different stages	Summer stress	To combat heat stress, the poultry sheds should be protected from direct sunlight, roofing can be painted white to reflect heat, fans can be fitted, cool water can be sprayed, plenty of clean water can be provided with ice, glucose and 0.1 % sodium bicarbonate, feed offered during the cooler parts of the day can be supplemented with 20% extra vitamins, phosphorous and vitamin C.
Animal Husbandry	All stages	Summer Stress	The rise in temperature will affect the thermoregulatory mechanism of dairy cattle. This will cause increase in body temperature, rapid shallow breathing, increased heart rate, profuse salivation, and reduced feed intake. This in turn results in severe production loss and reduced breeding efficiency in dairy cattle.
			Provide pure drinking water to the dairy cattle (45 to 60 litres of water), Allow grazing only during the cooler parts of the day. Provide shading. Shelter them in thatched roofings of minimum 9 ft. height with ample ventilation. Providing fans, misting and fogging assembly in cattle sheds will help them to regulate body temperature. Also ensure minerals fortified feeds.

Cow Milking Summer Mastitis

Summer Mastitis is a bacterial disease. The disease is common on cows which are sheltered in unhygienic conditions. The disease is transmitted by insects like flies and mosquitoes.

**Symptoms:-** The symptoms are change in composition of milk and turning the milk into an yellow watery liquid, severe fever, lack of appetite, abortions etc. If not treated the cow may lose its milk yielding capacity permanently. Also the cow may lose mobility and gradually death may occur.

Control:- Ensure hygiene cattle shed and surroundings to control the pathogen and the vectors. Boost the immunity of cattle by supplementing feeds with vitamins and minerals containing health tonics.

If disease appears, immediately give medication under the supervision of a Veterinary doctor.

\*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)

Alert (Be prepared)

Watch (Be updated)

No warning (No actions)

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